



Sarasinula Plebiea

Pedro



Leather Leaf Slug

Tony



Chinese Land Slug

Donna



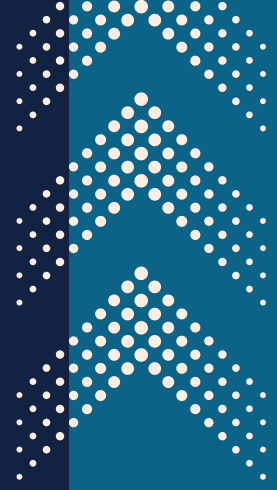
Laevicaulis alte

Randy



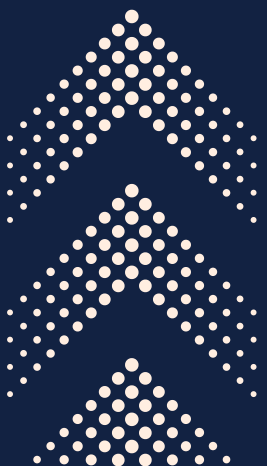
Giant East African Snail

Molly



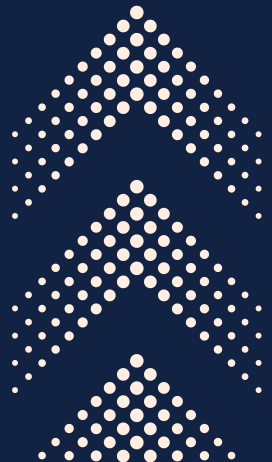
Native to: South America

Crop Hosts: Numerous plants and crops including beans, broccoli, peppers, cucurbits and tomatoes.





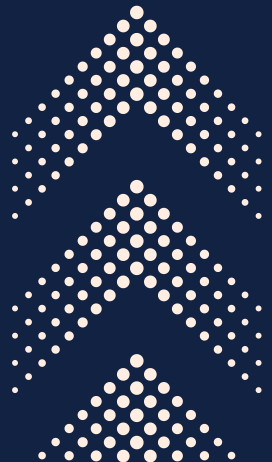
Native to: South America
Texas: first reported in the San
Antonio area; now found in over 50
Texas counties

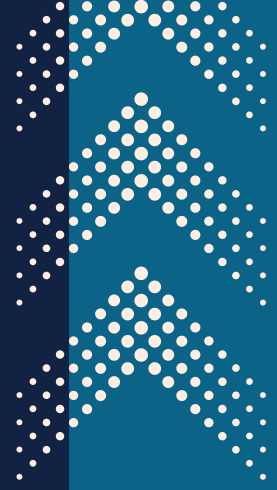




Native to: China

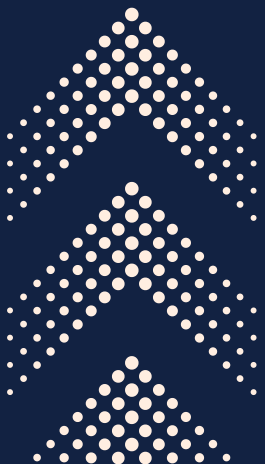
**Crop Hosts: Feeds on many plants
and documented to destroy grape
vineyards in Brazil.**





Native to: Central Africa

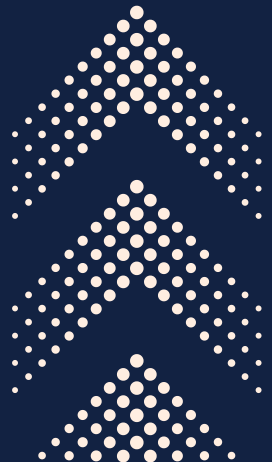
Crop Hosts: Feeds on over 40 types of crops like cabbage, tomatoes, spinach beans and cucumbers.

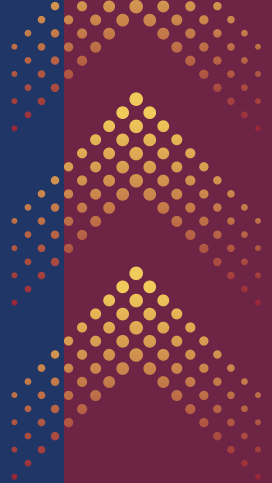




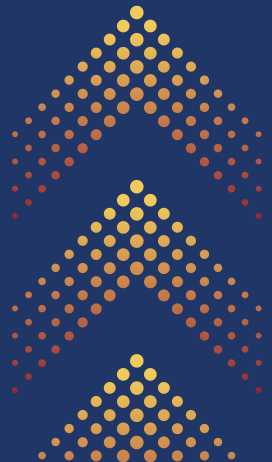
Native to: East Africa

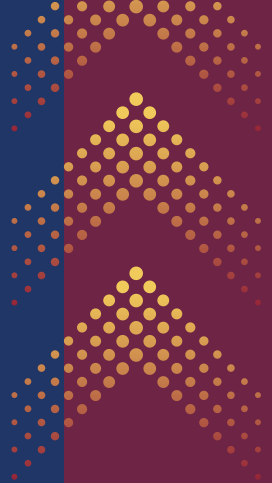
**Crop Hosts: Feeds on 500 types of
plants/crops like peanuts, beans,
cucumbers and melons.**





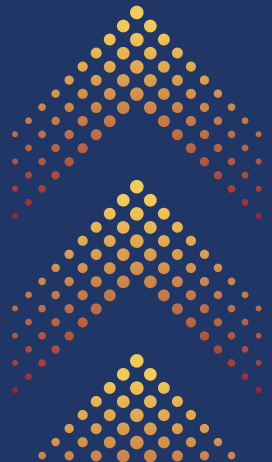
How can it spread? Through international trade. It has been intercepted a over 110 times on 37 different plant genera.

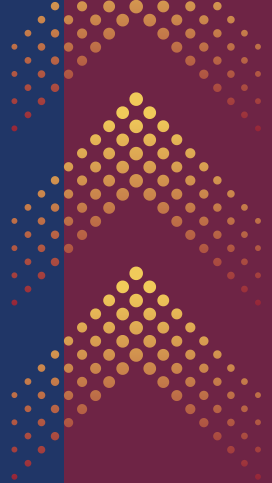




How can it spread? Landscaping
accidentally spread it across Southeastern
US in ornamentals, nursery stock, soil, and
mulch.

What does it eat? Grasses and Turf



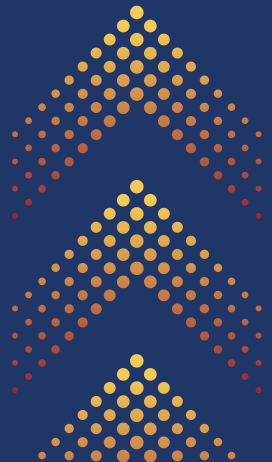


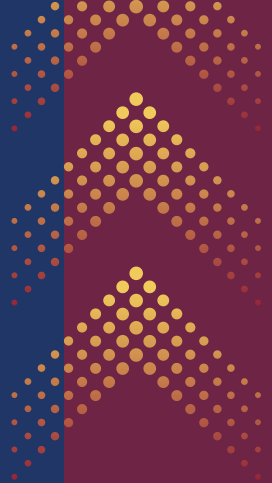
How can it be spread? International trade.
Found on produce from Brazil; and other
ornamental plants from Asia.

Economic & Health Impacts

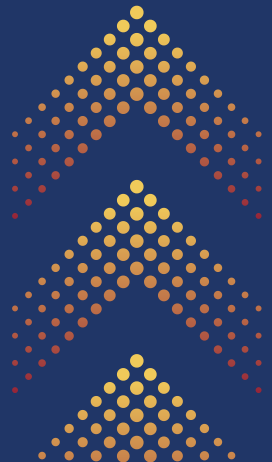
**Other *Megahimatium* slugs spread A.
*cantonensis***

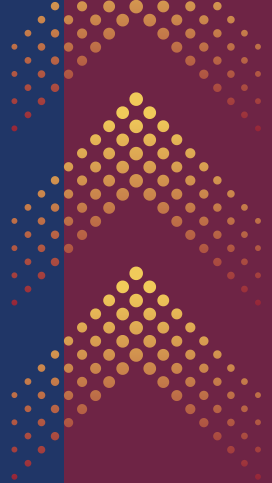
**TX Wine Production is threatened if this
slug establishes.**





How can it spread? Hitchhikers in the landscaping industry on ornamentals, nursery stock, and cut flowers.





Introduced into Florida in 1960s by a
traveler.

10 years and \$1 Million to eradicate
Re-introduced in 2011 and another 10
years & \$23 Million to re-eradicate.
Meanwhile, spreads harmful invasive
parasites (especially in Hawaii).

